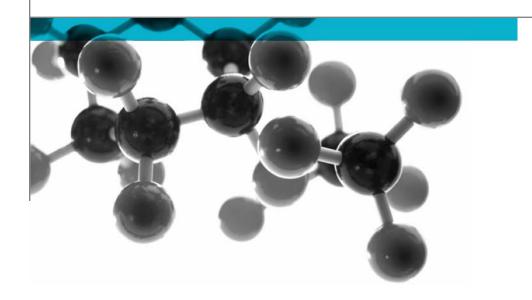
Exova Warringtonfire Holmesfield Road Warrington WA1 2DS United Kingdom T:+44 (0 1925 655116 F:+44 (0) 1925 655419 E:warrington@exova.com W:www.exova.com



BS 476: Part 7: 1997



Method For Classification Of The Surface Spread Of Flame Of Products

A Report To: AFS Boru Sanayi A.S.

Document Reference: 382366

Date: 16th June 2017

Issue No.: 2

Page 1







Executive Summary

Objective

To determine the surface spread of flame classification of the following product when tested in accordance with BS 476: Part 7: 1997.

Generic Description	Product reference Thickness		Weight per unit		
			area or density		
Flexible ducting product	"ALUAFS.70"	74 microns	120±5% g/m ²		
Individual components used to manufacture composite:					
Aluminium foil	Unwilling to provide	9 microns	2.72 g/cm ³		
Adhesive	Unwilling to provide	6 microns	Unwilling to provide		
Polyester film	Unwilling to provide 12 microns 1.40 g/cm³		1.40 g/cm ³		
Please see pages 5 & 6 of this test report for the full description of the product tested					

Test Sponsor AFS Boru Sanayi A.S., Kuskondu Sk. 1, Çankaya, Ankara, Turkey

Test Results: Class D1

An uncertainty of measurement estimation has been conducted in relation to the distance travelled by the flame front and the findings are as detailed on page 9.

Date of Test 27th April & 3rd May 2017

Reason revision

for This document replaces issue 1 (dated 31st May 2017) of the same number which

has been withdrawn. The product reference was incorrect and has been corrected

in this issue 2 report.

Signatories

Responsible Officer C. Meachin *

Technical Officer

Authorised B. Dean *

Technical Leader

* For and on behalf of Exova Warringtonfire.

C Men.

Report Issued: 16th June 2017

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UKAS TESTING



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Test Details

Purpose of test

To determine the performance of a product when it is subjected to the conditions of the test specified in BS 476: Part 7: 1997, "Fire tests on building materials and structures, method for classification of the surface spread of flame of products". This test was therefore performed in accordance with the procedure specified in BS 476: Part 7: 1997 and this report should be read in conjunction with that British Standard.

Scope of test

BS 476: Part 7: 1997 specifies a method of test for measuring the lateral spread of flame along the surface of a specimen of a product orientated in the vertical position, and a classification system based on the rate and extent of flame spread. It provides data suitable for comparing the performances of essentially flat materials, composites, or assemblies, which are used primarily as the exposed surfaces of walls or ceilings.

Fire test study group/EGOLF

Certain aspects of some fire test specifications are open to different interpretations. The Fire Test Study Group and EGOLF have identified a number of such areas and have agreed Resolutions which define common agreement of interpretations between fire test laboratories which are members of the Groups. Where such Resolutions are applicable to this test they have been followed.

Instruction to test

The test was conducted on the 27th April & 3rd May 2017 at the request of AFS Boru Sanayi A.S., the sponsor of the test.

Provision of test specimens

The specimens were supplied by the sponsor of the test. **Exova Warringtonfire** was not involved in any selection or sampling procedure.

Conditioning of specimens

The specimens for testing to BS 476: Part 6: 1989+A1: 2009 together with the specimens for testing to BS 476: Part 7: 1997 were received on the 7th April 2017.

Prior to the tests, all of the specimens were conditioned to constant mass at a temperature of $23 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C and a relative humidity of $50 \pm 5\%$. One specimen from the total sample submitted for test was selected for constant mass verification.

Form in which the specimens were tested

Assembly - Fabrication of materials and/or composites that can contain air gaps. Each specimen was placed over 25mm thick by 20mm wide calcium silicate based spacers positioned around its perimeter and mounted onto a backing board so that a 25mm enclosed air gap was provided between the unexposed face of the specimen and the backing board.

Exposed face

The external aluminium foil face of the specimens was exposed to the heating conditions of the test.

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Description of Test Specimens

The description of the specimens given below has been prepared from information provided by the sponsor of the test. All values quoted are nominal, unless tolerances are given.

General Desc	ription	Flexible ducting product comprising:		
		 Aluminium Foil Adhesive Polyester Film Adhesive Aluminium Foil Adhesive Polyester Film Adhesive Aluminium Foil 		
		In practice, the product tested is used to form a cylindrical duct that incorporates a reinforcing steel wire helix		
Product refere		"ALUAFS.70"		
Name of man		AFS		
Weight per unit area		120±5% g/m² (stated by sponsor)		
Thickness		115.6g/m² (determined by Exova Warringtonfire)		
THICKNESS		74 microns (stated by sponsor) 0.05mm (determined by Exova Warringtonfire)		
	Product Reference	See Note 1 below		
Component	Generic type	Aluminium		
1, 5 & 9	Name of manufacturer	See Note 1 below		
(Aluminium	Density	2.72g/cm ³		
foil)	Thickness	9 microns		
,	Flame retardant details	See Note 1 below		
	Product Reference	See Note 1 below		
	Generic type	See Note 1 below		
Component	Name of manufacturer	See Note 1 below		
2, 4, 6 & 8 (Adhesive)	Thickness	6 microns		
(Auriesive)	Application rate	See Note 1 below		
	Flame retardant details	See Note 1 below		
	Product Reference	See Note 1 below		
Component	Generic type	Polyester film		
3 & 7	Name of manufacturer	See Note 1 below		
(Polyester	Density	1.40g/cm ³		
film)	Thickness	12 microns		
	Flame retardant details	See Note 1 below		

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	'ALUAFS.70' ducting in practice would encapsulate a high tensile steel wire helix to form the wall of the air ducting. It is not practicable to include the wire helix within the specimens and for this reason; the laminate only was tested with a 25mm airspace at the back of the product. It is considered that the inclusion of the wire helix would not have any detrimental effect on the flame-spread characteristics of the actual product. Since the specimens consist of a modified version of the actual product, a prefix 'D' is added to the classification (see Appendix 1)
Brief description of manufacturing process	See Note 1 below

Note 1: The sponsor of the test was unwilling to provide this information

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Test Results

Results and observations

The test results for the individual specimens, together with observations made during the test and comments on any difficulties encountered during the test are given in Appendix 1.

Classification

In accordance with the class definitions given in BS 476: Part 7: 1997; the specimens tested are classified as Class D1.

An uncertainty of measurement estimation has been conducted in relation to the distance travelled by the flame front and the findings are as detailed on page 9.

Criteria for classification

If the prefix 'D' or suffix 'R' or 'Y' is included in the classification, this indicates that the results should be treated with caution. An explanation of the reason for the prefix and suffixes is given in Appendix 2, together with the classification limits specified in the Standard.

Applicability of test result

The test results relate only to the behaviour of the test specimens of the product under the particular conditions of test; they are not intended to be the sole criterion for assessing the potential fire hazard of the product in use.

The test results relate only to the specimens of the product in the form in which they were tested. Small differences in the composition or thickness of the product may significantly affect the performance during the test and may therefore invalidate the test results. Care should be taken to ensure that any product which is supplied or used is fully represented by the specimens which were tested.

Validity

The specification and interpretation of fire test methods are the subject of ongoing development and refinement. Changes in associated legislation may also occur. For these reasons it is recommended that the relevance of test reports over five years old should be considered by the user. The laboratory that issued the report will be able to offer, on behalf of the legal owner, a review of the procedures adopted for a particular test to ensure that they are consistent with current practices, and if required may endorse the test report.

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Appendix 1 – Test Results

SPECIMEN No.	1	2	3	4	5	6
Maximum distance travelled at 1.5 minutes (mm)	60	60	60	60	60	60
Distance (mm)	Time to travel to indicated distance (minutes : seconds)					
75 165 190 215 240 265 290 375 455 500 525 600 675 710 750 785 825						
Time to reach maximum distance travelled	1:00	1:00	1:00	1:00	1:00	1:00
Maximum distance travelled in 10 minutes (mm)	60	60	60	60	60	60

Note: Six specimens are usually tested. If the test on any specimen is deemed to be invalid, as defined in the Standard, it is permissible for up to a maximum of nine specimens to be tested in order to obtain the six valid test results.

Observations made during test and comments on any difficulties encountered during the test:

None.

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Uncertainty of measurement

Specimen No.	1	2	3	4	5	6
Maximum distance travelled at 1.5 minutes (mm)	±4	±4	±4	±4	±4	±4
Maximum distance travelled in 10 minutes (mm)	±4	±4	±4	±4	±4	±4

The reported expanded uncertainty is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor k=2, providing a coverage probability of approximately 95%. The uncertainty evaluation has been carried out in accordance with UKAS requirements.

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Appendix 2 – Classification Criteria

Classification of spread of flame		Spread of Flame at 1.5 min		Final Spread of Flame	
	Classification	Limit (mm)	Limit for one specimen (mm)	Limit (mm)	Limit for one specimen (mm)
	Class 1 Class 2 Class 3	165 215 265	165 + 25 215 + 25 265 + 25	165 455 710	165 + 25 455 + 45 710 + 75
	Class 4	Exceeding the li	imits for class 3		

Explanation of prefix and suffixes which may be added to the classification

- 1. A suffix R is added to the classification if more than six specimens are required in order to obtain six valid test results (e.g. class 2R).
- 2. A prefix D is added to the classification of any product which does not comply with the surface characteristics specified in the Standard and has therefore been tested in a modified form (e.g. class D3).
- 3. A suffix Y is added to the classification if any softening and/or other behaviour that may affect the flame spread occurs (e.g. class 3Y).

For example, a classification of D3RY could be achieved indicating (a) a modified surface has been used; (b) a class 3 result has been obtained; (c) additional specimens have been used to obtain 6 valid results and; (d) softening and/or other behaviour has occurred which is considered to have affected the test result.

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BS 476: Part 7: 1997



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